

MSP430F415 Device Erratasheet

1 Revision History

 \checkmark The check mark indicates that the issue is present in the specified revision.

Errata Number	Rev E	Rev C
CPU4	\checkmark	\checkmark
EEM20	1	\checkmark
FLL3	~	<
PORT4		<
PORT5		\checkmark
PORT7		\checkmark
TA12	\checkmark	\checkmark
TA16	\checkmark	\checkmark
TA21	\checkmark	\checkmark
TAB22	\checkmark	\checkmark
WDG2	\checkmark	\checkmark
XOSC9	\checkmark	\checkmark



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Package Markings

2 Package Markings

PM64

LQFP (PM), 64 Pin

WILLLIS <u>G4</u>	YM = Year and Month Date Code LLLL = LOT Trace Code S = Assembly Site Code
M430Fxxx REV #	$ \begin{array}{l} \# \\ = \text{DIE Revision} \\ \bigcirc \\ = \text{Pin 1} \end{array} $

RTD64

QFN (RTD), 64 Pin

^O M430Fxxx TI YMS LLLL ♯	TI= TIYM= Year and Month Date CodeLLLL= LOT Trace CodeS= Assembly Site Code#= DIE RevisionO= Pin 1
^O M430Fxxx	TI = TI YM = Year and Month Date Code
TI YMS <u>G3</u> LLLL #	S = Assembly Site Code # = DIE Revision O = Pin 1



CPU Module
PUSH #4, PUSH #8
The single operand instruction PUSH cannot use the internal constants (CG) 4 and 8. The other internal constants (0, 1, 2, -1) can be used. The number of clock cycles is different:
PUSH #CG uses address mode 00, requiring 3 cycles, 1 word instruction
PUSH #4/#8 uses address mode 11, requiring 5 cycles, 2 word instruction
Workaround implemented in assembler.

·	The other internal constants (0, 1, 2, -1) can be used. The number of clock cycles is different:			
	PUSH #CG uses address mode 00, requiring 3 cycles, 1 word instruction			
	PUSH #4/#8 uses address mode 11, requiring 5 cycles, 2 word instruction			
Workaround	Workaround implemented in assembler.			
EEM20	EEM Module			
Function	Debugger might clear interrupt flags			
Description	During debugging read-sensitive interrupt flags might be cleared as soon as the debugger stops. This is valid in both single-stepping and free run modes.			
Workaround	None.			
FLL3	FLL+ Module			
Function	FLLDx = 11 for /8 may generate an unstable MCLK frequency			
Description	When setting the FLL to higher frequencies using FLLDx = 11 (/8) the output frequency of the FLL may have a larger frequency variation (e.g. averaged over 2sec) as well as a lower average output frequency than expected when compared to the other FLLDx bit settings.			
Workaround	None			
PORT4	PORT Module			
Function	SIF clock output depends on P2.7 AND P3.0			
Description	The SIF - clock output is not available at port P2.7 when setting P2.7 as secondary function and output as described in data sheet			
Workaround	Also set P3.0 to alternate function and output. The SIF clock signal is then available at P2.7.			
PORT5	PORT Module			
Function	SIF comparator output is not available at P6.3			
Description	The SIF comparator output is not available at port P6.3 when setting P6.3 as secondary function and output as described in data sheet			

Detailed Bug Description

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CPU4

Function

Description

None

Workaround

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Detailed Bug Description

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PORT7	PORT Module				
Function	SIFDAC output function not available at P6.6				
Description	The SIFDAC output is not available at port P6.6 when setting P6.6 as secondary function and output as described in data sheet				
Workaround	None				
TA12	TIMER_A Module				
Function	Interrupt is lost (slow ACLK)				
Description	Timer_A counter is running with slow clock (external TACLK or ACLK)compared to MCLK. The compare mode is selected for the capture/compare channel and the CCRx register is incremented by one with the occurring compare interrupt (if TAR = CCRx). Due to the fast MCLK the CCRx register increment (CCRx = CCRx+1) happens before the Timer_A counter has incremented again. Therefore the next compare interrupt should happen at once with the next Timer_A counter increment (if TAR = CCRx + 1). This interrupt gets lost.				
Workaround	Switch capture/compare mode to capture mode before the CCRx register increment. Switch back to compare mode afterwards.				
TA16	TIMER_A Module				
Function	First increment of TAR erroneous when IDx > 00				
Description	The first increment of TAR after any timer clear event (POR/TACLR) happens immediately following the first positive edge of the selected clock source (INCLK, SMCLK, ACLK or TACLK). This is independent of the clock input divider settings (ID0, ID1). All following TAR increments are performed correctly with the selected IDx settings.				
Workaround	None				
TA21	TIMER_A Module				
Function	TAIFG Flag is erroneously set after Timer A restarts in Up Mode				
Description	In Up Mode, the TAIFG flag should only be set when the timer resets from TACCR0 to zero. However, if the Timer A is stopped at TAR = TACCR0, then cleared (TAR=0) by setting the TACLR bit, and finally restarted in Up Mode, the next rising edge of the TACLK will erroneously set the TAIFG flag.				



www.ti.com Detailed Bug Description Timer Clock CCR0-1 CCR0-CR0 0h CCR0 1h 0h Timer Set TAIFG Set TACCR0 CCIFG fault TAIFG restarted stopped None. Workaround **TAB22** TIMER_A/TIMER_B Module Timer A/Timer B register modification after Watchdog Timer PUC **Function** Description Unwanted modification of the Timer A/Timer B registers TACTL/TBCTL and TAIV/TBIV can occur when a PUC is generated by the Watchdog Timer(WDT) in Watchdog mode and any Timer_A/Timer_B counter register TACCRx/TBCCRx is incremented/decremented (Timer A/Timer B does not need to be running). Initialize TACTL/TBCTL register after the reset occurs using a MOV instruction (BIS/BIC Workaround may not fully initialize the register). TAIV/TBIV is automatically cleared following this initialization. Example code: MOV.W #VAL, &TACTL or MOV.W #VAL, &TBCTL Where, VAL=0, if Timer is not used in application otherwise, user defined per desired function. WDG2 WDT Module Incorrectly accessing a flash control register Function If a key violation is caused by incorrectly accessing a flash control register, the watchdog Description interrupt flag is set in addition to the expected PUC. Workaround None XOSC9 **XOSC Module** XT1 Oscillator may not function as expected in HF mode Function XT1 oscillator does not work correctly in high frequency mode at supply voltages below Description 2.0V with crystal frequency > 4MHz. Workaround None. When XT1 oscillator is used in HF mode with crystal frequency > 4MHz ensure a

supply voltage > 2.2V.

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TEXAS INSTRUMENTS

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4 Document Revision History

Changes from family erratasheet to device specific erratasheet.

- 1. Errata PORT4 was added
- 2. Errata PORT5 was added
- 3. Errata PORT7 was added
- 4. Revision D was removed
- 5. Revision C was added

Changes from device specific erratasheet to document Revision A.

1. Errata EEM20 was added to the errata documentation.

Changes from document Revision A to Revision B.

1. Errata TA21 was added to the errata documentation.

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